

Surf's Up, Finally

THE WORLD'S FIRST KITE COMPETITION EXCLUSIVELY FOR WAVE-RIDERS DEBUTS BY MICHAEL BEHAR

It wasn't long ago—perhaps 10 years—when the idea of surfing a wave with a kite was ludicrous. Kites pulled like deranged cruise missiles. Depower was laughable. Getting onto a wave was easy; staying on it was another story. The early generations of kites would stall at low speeds. To keep them aloft, riders needed gobs of speed, which made it impossible to stay on the face of a wave unless the surf was insanely huge (the bigger the swell, the faster it travels). The physics to execute classic moves-bottom turns, off-the-lip carves, and getting barreled—simply didn't compute. Those who claimed to kite waves were really just outrunning them. Meanwhile, surfers scoffed at the lameness of it all.

But as kiting moved from infancy into adolescence, the desire to catch waves fueled

Sky Solbach makes an attempt to get pitted on "One Eye" in

innovation. First came bow kites, in 2005, with hybrid- and delta-shaped sails to follow. The advances led to kites that hovered patiently while a rider dawdled in the surf. Today, kiters are not only shredding the world's legendary breaks, but doing things paddle-andwait surfers can only dream of: cherry-picking the sweetest waves in a set—or riding them

Mauritius.

all-on ordinary surfboards, even strapless.

Watching an accomplished wave-rider is a beautiful sight. a three-way tango with the wind and sea. Even so, the leading kitesurfers are not household names; their notoriety is insular, earned mostly through desultory memes scintillating photos and videos drifting around the digisphere. The Professional Kiteboard Riders Association (PKRA) tour includes a kitesurfing discipline. But competitors complain that the heats are a halfhearted afterthought, run only when the freestyle has concluded and often in crummy conditions. That's all about to change when the Kite Surf Pro (KSP) tour gets underway this year. This firstever competition dedicated to surf-riding holds its inaugural contest in September on Mauritius at One Eye, a hollow left break renowned for its speed and size. Three weeks later, the tour heads to Peru, where riders will charge the long, chilly waves at Pacasmayo. The last match takes

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place at Ponta Preta in Cape Verde. With its deep tubes and shallow reef, Ponta Preta will make for a wild and exhilarating grand finale to decide the world champion.

"All three spots are world class," says KSP vice president and founding member Sky Solbach, a team rider and board designer for North Kiteboarding. "We've chosen locations to showcase the sport in the best conditions possible-to demonstrate what can be done with a kite and a surfboard." Each tour stop is allotted seven days, with a potential threeday extension if a big swell

is forecast toward the end of the weeklong run. Heats, too, will be lengthy, lasting up to 15 minutes. Kiteboarding champion Kristin Boese, KSP's a dozen female riders had president, co-founder, and manager, says, "We are trying Monteiro, a 28-year-old KSP to get [participants] to push their riding to the maximum by regular on the PKRA circuit. giving them much longer heats "But I felt like the conditions than the PKRA events. Even if for waves weren't usually very they crash, they'll have enough good." He thinks the choice time to get another few waves of sites for the KSP tour will in to make up for it."

Judges will score several factors, including the variety and difficulty of maneuvers and overall speed, power, and flow on the wave. Australian pro kitesurfer Ben Wilson, who says. "They are places where is sitting out this year's tour because of an already packed so to be able to compete at schedule, helped organizers develop the scoring strategy. Surfing strapless, unhooked,

extra points for technical prowess. "You can ride any way tend would be prohibitively you want, but you still have to expensive. That's why KSP





fulfill all the criteria," explains Solbach. "It's a way to keep it open to everyone."

At press time, 25 male and signed on to compete. Mitu rider from Cape Verde, was a "bring more high-level riders to the competition." Another KSP participant, 30-year-old Brazilian kiter Guilly Brandão. agrees. "The locations are the biggest draw for me," he I would travel to ride anyway, these spots is a dream come true for me."

For the devoted kitesurf and switch will net participants fan, traveling to the far-flung tour destinations to atorganizers will stream the action live over their website (kspworldtour.com). "We want to spread it out to millions of people rather than a few hundred sitting on the beach," says Solbach.

Kitesurfing already influences the sport's evolutionimpacting everything from

equipment design to riding styles. Yet a pro-level competition that reaches a global audience is bound to ignite an explosion of new interest. As Brandão surmises, "The KSP marks a whole new vision for competitions that will change the way everyone thinks about kitesurfing on the waves."

